# Institute of Supply Management

Managing Your Commodity Input Costs

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# **Commodity**

(Merriam-Webster online)

Main Entry: com·mod·i·ty

Pronunciation: k&-'mä-d&-tE

Function: noun

Etymology: Middle English commoditee, from Middle French commodité,

from Latin commoditat-, commoditas, from commodus

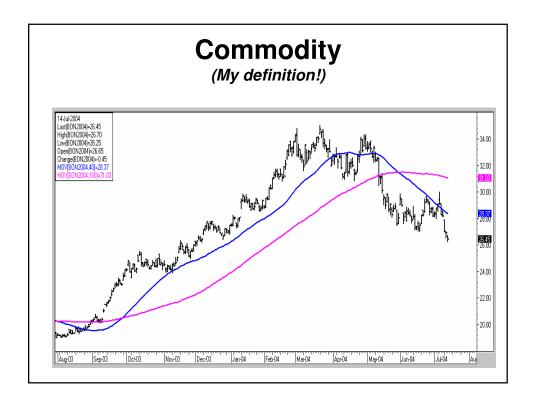
an economic good: as

a: a product of agriculture or mining

**b**: an article of **commerce** especially when delivered for

shipment < commodities futures>

C: a mass-produced unspecialized product



# Are you in the "Commodity" business?

- Meat
  - -Chicken, pork, beef
- Salad Dressings, Sauces & Shortening
- Bread Products, Wraps & Buns
- Packaging
- Manufacturing Facilities
- Transportation

# Are you in the "Commodity" business? • Meat -Chicken, po • Salad Brown • Bread Products • Packaging • Manufacturin • Transport

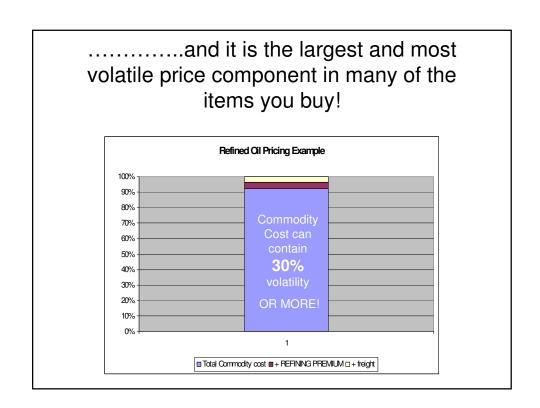
## What is "Commodity Risk Management"?

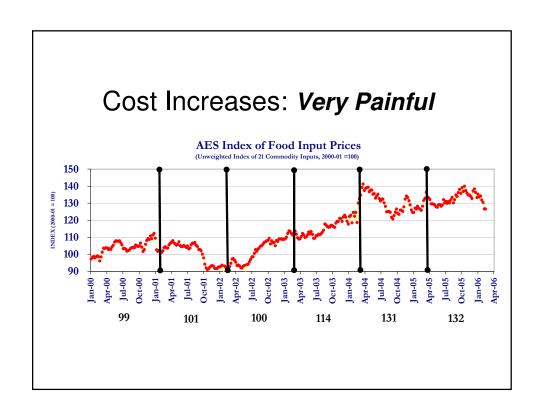
- A disciplined approach to preserving our business/product margins by:
  - Understanding our product risk profile.
  - Determining what we can't afford to have happen!
  - Determining our risk tolerance.
  - Utilizing available "tools" to place unwanted risk.
  - Measuring our results.

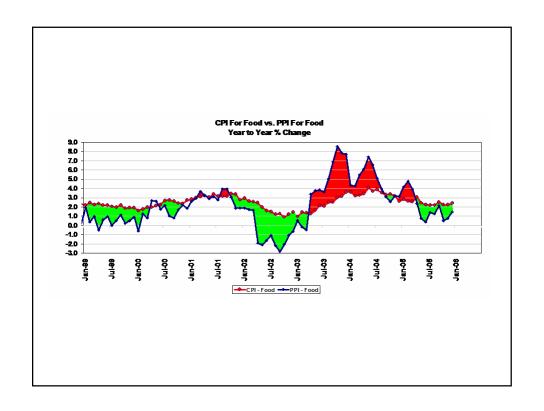
# "Commodity Risk Management" is **NOT** out-guessing the market! World Grain Yields -- +/- 5-Yr Average 0.30 0.25 0.2¢ 0.15 0.10 0.00 -0.05

# Why is Commodity Risk Management Important?

- Margin & Profit
  - "Commodity's Wallop Kraft"
     Motley Fool July 19,2004
  - "Food Maker Lowers Full Year Outlook" WSJ, July 19,2004
  - "P&G, Unilever Facing Rising Prices"







# Impact of Higher Costs On A Restaurant

- Gross Margins of Typical Restaurant
- 5-10%
- Inputs Equal 25-30% of Revenue
- 28% Rise In Input Costs = 7-8% of Revenue
- Higher costs in 2003-04 Equal to More than Annual Gross Margin

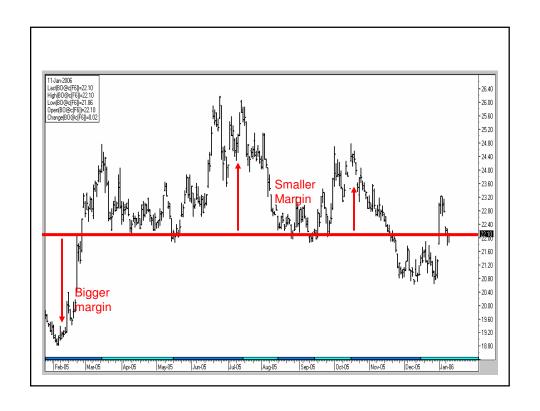


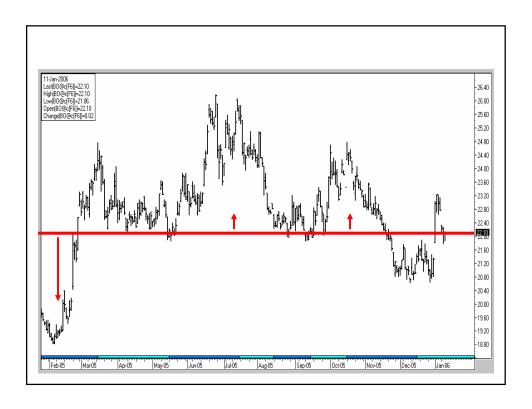


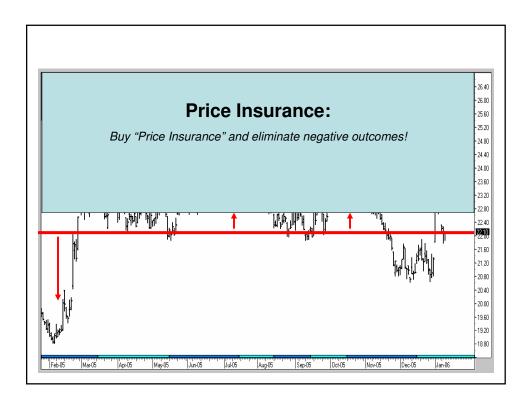


# How do I manage these commodity costs? Risk Management Toolbox

- Physical Purchase contract
- Inventory
- Exchange traded "Futures" contracts
- Exchange traded "Options" contracts
- "Over-the-counter" instruments







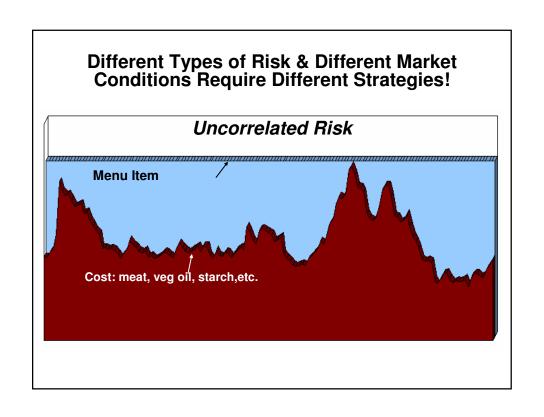
# **Commodity Price Risk**

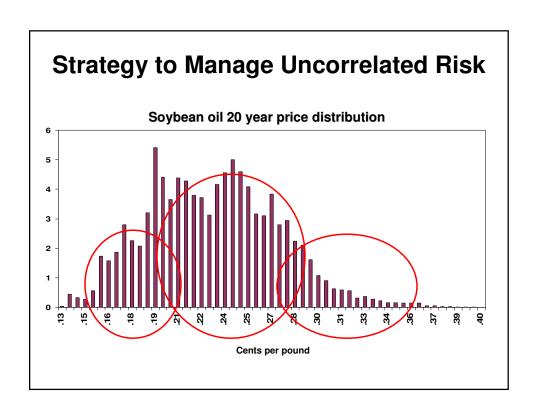
Different Sizes, Shapes & Flavors

Different Types of Risk & Different Market Conditions Require Different Strategies!

"How do commodity price moves affect your profitability?"

"Do you have a strategy in place to protect yourself?"





# Strategy Considerations for *Uncorrelated Risk The "First Circle": Capture Your Margin!*

- Lower end of the historical price range.
  - Aggressively protect your margin.
  - Extend coverage
  - If prices continue to decline BUY MORE!
  - Limit/eliminate price "insurance" spend.

# Strategy Considerations for *Uncorrelated Risk The "Second Circle": Protect Your Earnings!*

- Middle of the historical price range.
  - "Hold back the wave", but allow for prices to decline.
  - Use contacts containing price "insurance".
    - MAX Price
    - Boundary
    - Convertible
  - Limit actual coverage.

# Strategy Considerations for *Uncorrelated Risk*The "Third Circle": Don't make a bad situation worse!

- Upper end of the historical price range.
  - "Houston we have a problem!"
  - If we have to make a move STAY SPOT!
- **Primary Objective:** Not have to make a decision in this circle!

### Margin Management

VS

# Market Based Strategy

- Market based buyers:
  - Wait on lower markets
  - "Bet" their product/business margins on an unpredictable event (in this case weather).
  - Routinely accepts "open-ended" market risk.
- Risk Managers:
  - Protects business/product margin FIRST!
  - Relies on market intell for timing and strategy development; NOT market entry!
  - Accepts ONLY quantifiable risk.





# In summary.....

- You probably ARE in the commodity biz!
  - Like it or NOT!
- Components of an effective RM Strategy!
  - Identify & quantify risk
  - Implement systems to monitor risk
  - Use your toolbox wisely!
  - Measure your results Benchmarks
- Be a manager NOT a commodity trader!