

News Release

MARKET SENSITIVE INFORMATION
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JPMorgan Global Manufacturing & Services PMI

Produced by JPMorgan and Markit in association with ISM and IFPSM

Global All-Industry Output Index rose to four-month high in February

At 53.6 in February, the JPMorgan **Global All-Industry Output Index** rose to its highest level since October 2009. The headline index has now remained above the neutral 50.0 mark for seven successive months, with its latest reading consistent with annualised growth of global GDP of around 3% to 4%.

However, growth was again centred on the manufacturing sector, as the recovery in services remained fragile in comparison.

Manufacturing output rose for the ninth month running and, although weaker than January's high, the pace of expansion was well above its long-run average. Manufacturers continued to benefit from a supportive inventory cycle (the new orders to inventory ratio was above its long-term trend) and a further improvement in international trade volumes.

Service sector business activity increased for the seventh month running. The rate of growth was the fastest since December 2007. However, the output index reading for services (52.6) was well below that for manufacturing (57.4).

Levels of **new business** rose for the seventh consecutive month in February, with the rate of growth only marginally slower than January's 27-month high. Manufacturing new orders rose at a markedly steeper pace than new business to service providers.

February data pointed to further **job losses** in the global economy, as a reduction in service sector staffing levels more than offset an increase in manufacturing employment. Manufacturers added jobs for the second successive month. Service providers have cut employment in each month since May 2008, although the latest reduction was the least marked for 19 months.

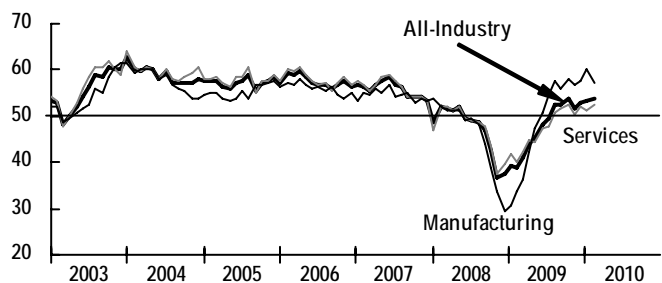
In a further sign that the manufacturing labour market is likely to continue stabilising in the coming months, levels of **work-in-hand** in the sector rose at the fastest rate since April 2006. In contrast, service sector outstanding business has now fallen throughout the past two-and-a-half years. Measured overall, all-industry backlogs of work decreased for the 30th month running in February, but at the slowest rate in four months.

At 56.8 in February, down slightly from January's sixteen-month high of 57.5, the **Global All-Industry Input Prices Index** pointed to a further marked increase in average costs. The index has now remained above its neutral mark of 50.0 for seven consecutive months. Cost inflation was again higher at manufacturers than service providers, reflecting high commodity prices and supply-chain pressures. Service sector costs rose for the seventh month in a row.

Commenting on the survey, David Hensley, Director of Global Economics Coordination at JPMorgan, said:

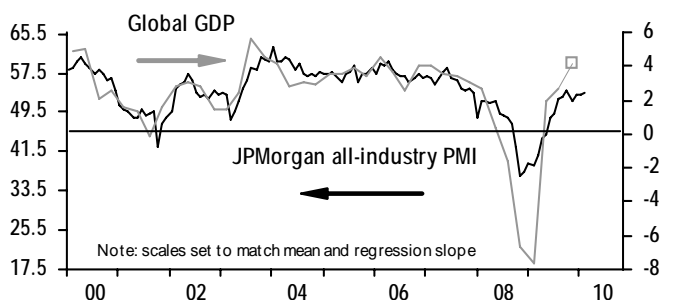
"February PMI data pointed to the fastest growth in business activity since last October. The recovery was again firmly centred on the manufacturing sector, however, as the rebound in services remained fragile in comparison. Sustainability will be reinforced once the labour market starts to recover. To this effect, the PMI employment index edged ever closer to its stabilisation point, with jobs already being added at manufacturers."

JPMorgan global PMI output
 DI, sa



Global activity indicators

DI, sa; grey box represents 4Q GDP forecast %q/q, saar



Global Manufacturing & Services PMI Summary

50 = no change on previous month.

	Jan	Feb	Change	Summary
Output	53.2	53.6	+	Expanding, faster rate
New Orders	54.0	53.6	-	Expanding, slower rate
Input Prices	57.5	56.8	-	Rising, slower rate
Employment	47.5	49.2	+	Declining, slower rate

For further information, please contact:

Markit

Rob Dobson, Senior Economist
Telephone +44-1491-461-095
Email rob.dobson@markit.com

Caroline Lumley, Director, Corporate Communications
Telephone +44-20-7260-2047
Email caroline.lumley@markit.com

JPMorgan Chase Bank

David Hensley, Director of Global Economics Coordination
Telephone +1-212-834-5516
Email david.hensley@jpmorgan.com

Notes to editors

The Global Report on Manufacturing & Services is compiled by Markit based on the results of surveys covering over 11,000 purchasing executives in almost 30 countries. Together these countries account for an estimated 84% of global GDP. Questions are asked about real events and are not opinion based. Data are presented in the form of diffusion indices, where an index reading above 50.0 indicates an increase in the variable since the previous month and below 50.0 a decrease.

Data sources

Country	% share of global GDP*	Producer	In association with	Web
United States	28.8	ISM	–	www.ism.ws
Japan	12.8	Markit	Nomura/JMMA	www.nomura.co.jp, www.jmma.gr.jp
China	6.5	Markit	HSBC	www.hsbc.com
Germany	5.2	Markit	BME	www.bme.de
United Kingdom	4.3	Markit	CIPS	www.cips.org
France	3.8	Markit	CDAF	www.cdaf.asso.fr
Italy	2.9	Markit	ADACI	www.adaci.it
Brazil	2.1	Markit	HSBC	www.hsbc.com
India	2.0	Markit	HSBC	www.hsbc.com
South Korea	1.9	Markit	HSBC	www.hsbc.com
Spain	1.8	Markit	AERCE	www.aerce.org
Mexico	1.7	HSBC	–	www.hsbc.com
Australia	1.3	AIG	PriceWaterhouseCoopers Commonwealth Bank	www.aigroup.asn.au, www.pwcglobal.com/au www.commbank.com.au
Netherlands	1.1	Markit	NEVI	www.nevi.nl
Russia	1.1	Markit	VTB Capital	www.vtb.com
Turkey	1.0	Markit	HSBC	www.hsbc.com
Taiwan	0.8	Markit	HSBC	www.hsbc.com
Switzerland	0.7	SVME	Credit Suisse	www.svme.ch, www.credit-suisse.ch
Poland	0.6	Markit	HSBC	www.hsbc.com
Austria	0.6	Markit	BA Creditanstalt/OPWZ	www.ba-ca.com, http://einkauf.opwz.com
South Africa	0.5	BER	IPSA/Kagiso	www.ber.sun.ac.za, www.ipsa.co.za, www.kagiso.com
Denmark	0.4	DILF	Kairoscommodities	www.dilf.dk, www.kairoscommodities.com
Greece	0.4	Markit	HPI	www.hpi.org
Israel	0.4	IPLMA	Bank Hapoalim Ltd	www.iplma.org.il, http://www.bankhapoalim.co.il
Ireland	0.3	Markit	NCB Stockbrokers	www.ncbdirect.com
Singapore	0.3	SIPMM	–	www.sipmm.org.sg
Czech Republic	0.2	Markit	HSBC	www.hsbc.com
New Zealand	0.2	Business NZ	Bank of New Zealand	www.businessnz.org.nz, www.bnz.co.nz
Hungary	0.2	HALPIM	Hungarian National Bank	www.logisztika.hu

* Source: World Bank WDI (2008 data, constant US\$ measure)



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